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Ministère de l'Environnement et de l'Énergie

135 St. Clair Ave. West Suite 100 Toronto, Ontario M4V 1P5 135, avenue St. Clair ouest Bureau 100 Toronto (Ontario) M4V 1P5

March 3, 1994

The 3Rs Regulations, which require that 3Rs activities be undertaken by designated municipalities and industrial, commercial and institutional (IC&I) sectors, became law today.

The regulations build on the success of Ontario's waste reduction efforts and will help us reach the provincial waste reduction target of at least 50 per cent by the year 2000.

To help those affected understand the regulations and implement 3Rs programs, the ministry and its partners - the Recycling Council of Ontario (RCO), the Association of Municipal Recycling Coordinators (AMRC) and the Ontario Environmental Training Consortium (OETC) - have developed a technical assistance program:

- The ministry has produced six guides to the regulations, and will hold information sessions in 12 locations across the province in April and May.
- The RCO and the AMRC, with funding from the ministry, have developed information programs that will show municipalities and IC&I sectors how to implement composting and recycling programs, waste audits and workplans.
- The OETC, made up of 12 community colleges across the province, is offering ministry-sponsored courses on implementing waste audits and workplans and courses on training others.

Details on the technical assistance program will be included in an information kit being mailed to IC&I establishments, municipalities and interested individuals in the next three weeks.

Since the ministry released its draft regulations, we have made a few significant changes and these are outlined in the enclosed news release and fact sheet.

Ontario's waste reduction initiatives are an investment in jobs and people and in structuring a more environmentally sustainable economy. We intend to meet our year-2000 target of 50 per cent reduction in ways that benefit both our environment and economic recovery.

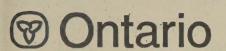
Sincerely,

w Wild man

C.J. (Bud) Wildman Minister

Enclosures





Government Publications

# News Release Communiqué

Ministry of Environment and Energy Ministère de l'Environnement et de l'Énergie

March 3, 1994



#### 3Rs Regulations to reduce Ontario waste now in effect

Ontario's businesses, industries and most municipalities will be required to implement waste reduction programs under new environmental regulations announced today by Environment and Energy Minister Bud Wildman. The five 3Rs Regulations became law today.

"These regulations build on the success of Ontario's waste reduction efforts," said Mr. Wildman. "The new requirements will divert as much as 2 million tonnes of waste a year; that's the equivalent of 200,000 truckloads every year or 40 million garbage cans full of waste that won't be going to landfills.

The provincial goal is to reduce the amount of waste going to disposal by at least 50 per cent by the year 2000 compared to the amount disposed of in 1987.

Since the ministry released draft regulations in late April, 1993, several changes have been made in consultation with municipalities and others concerned with or affected by them. The most significant changes include:

- Municipalities in Southern Ontario have an additional six months to meet the recycling requirements, extending the compliance date to January 1, 1995 from July 1, 1994.
- Municipalities will not be required to collect recyclables from businesses and industries; only from houses and apartments.
- The designation for restaurants has changed to those whose owners have annual gross sales exceeding \$3 million from those restaurants with 10 or more employees.
- The designation for manufacturing establishments has changed to those establishments whose total employee hours, in any one month, exceed 16,000 hours from those with 100 or more employees.

"The regulations, in their final form, are both flexible and cost-effective. They affect the larger businesses and industries in the province, and offer municipalities options in the way they implement mandatory recycling programs," said Mr. Wildman.

Six guides to the regulations, along with a detailed information kit, will be available within the next three weeks. The guides explain the requirements for source separation (recycling) programs, waste audits and workplans, packaging audits and workplans and streamlined approvals for recycling sites.

Starting in late April, information sessions on the regulations will be held in major Ontario centres. The ministry has also funded community college training programs province-wide throug the Ontario Environmental Training Consortium and "how-to" information programs through the Recycling Council of Ontario and the Association of Municipal Recycling Co-ordinators.

The regulations require:

- Recycling and backyard composting programs for all municipalities with a population of 5,000 or more.
- Leaf and yard waste composting in municipalities with a population of 5,000 or more that have existing collection programs for these wastes, and in all municipalities with a populat of more than 50,000.
- Waste audits and waste reduction workplans for large retail complexes, hospitals, schools, hotels and motels, restaurants, office buildings, large construction and demolition projects and manufacturing establishments.
- Recycling programs for large retail complexes, hospitals, schools, hotels and motels, restaurants and office buildings in municipalities of 5,000 or more population, and large construction and demolition projects and manufacturing establishments regardless of location
- Packaging audits and packaging reduction workplans for Ontario manufacturers, packagers importers of packaged food, beverage, paper and chemical products.
- Recycling programs for multi-unit residential buildings with six or more units in municipalities of 5,000 or more population.

The regulations also exempt recycling facilities, under certain conditions, from normal approvals requirements for environmentally significant projects in order to fast-track these recycliprojects.

Municipalities in Northern Ontario will have until July 1, 1996 to implement their Blue Box recycling programs to accommodate the greater challenges they face because of longer distances to markets for recyclables. The extended deadline for recycling programs also applies to most designated establishments located in Northern Ontario.

"Ontario's waste reduction initiatives are consistent with the government's 10-point plan to put Ontario back to work," Mr. Wildman said. "They are an investment in jobs and people and in structuring a more environmentally sustainable economy."

"We will meet our year-2000 target of 50 per cent waste reduction in ways that benefit both our environment and economic recovery."

Technical questions should be addressed to the ministry's Waste Reduction Office (416) 325-4440, or the ministry's regional and district offices listed in the Blue Pages of local telephone directories. Copies of the Official 3Rs Regulations will be available in two to three weeks from Publications Ontario at 1-800-668-9938 or in Toronto at 326-5300. Those that have already placed orders for the guides to the regulations will receive them in three weeks.

- 30 -

#### For further information:

Morris Ilyniak (416) 323-4650 Communications Branch Ministry of Environment and Energy

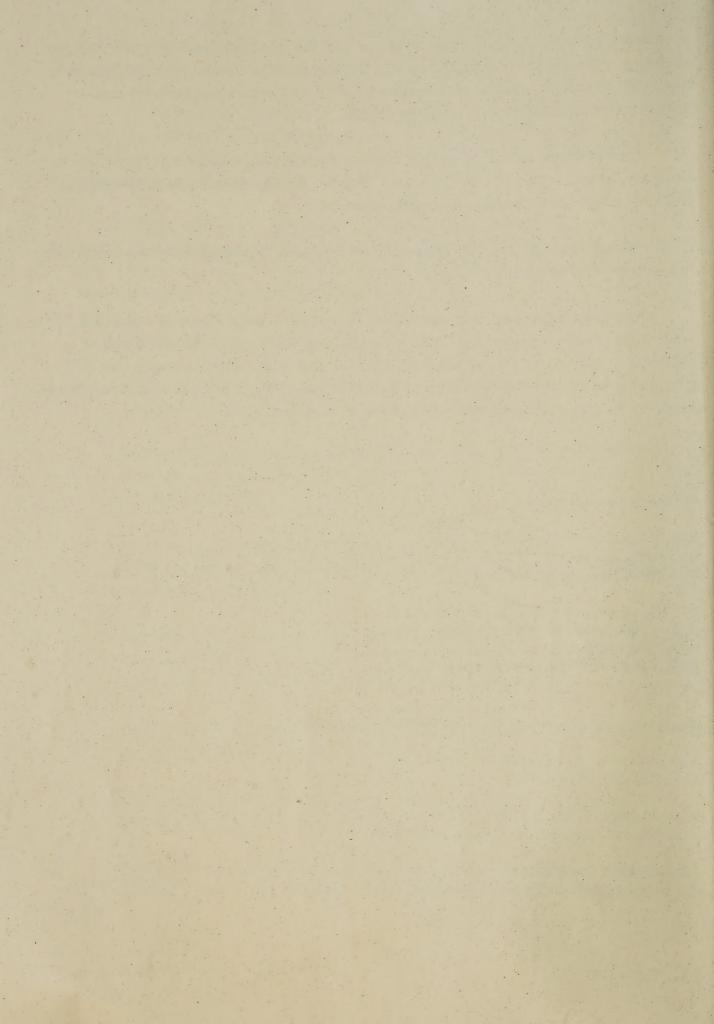
Bob Breeze (416) 314-4642 (Week of March 1) Adam Ciulini (416) 314-4633 (Beginning March 7) Waste Reduction Office Ministry of Environment and Energy

#### For further information on technical assistance programs:

John Hansen (416) 960-1025 Recycling Council of Ontario

Linda Varangu (519) 823-1990 Association of Municipal Recycling Co-ordinators

Scott Inwood 1-800-563-6555
Ontario Environmental Training Consortium





# Ontario's 3Rs Regulations

The 3Rs Regulations became law on March 3, 1994. Those affected have from six to 28 months to comply as detailed in the Implementation Summary on page six.

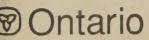
The regulations are comprised of five waste reduction regulations which define the rules and requirements for reduction, reuse and recycling activities in the province. The purpose of the 3Rs Regulations is to reduce the flow of valuable resources now going to disposal in Ontario.

#### SUMMARY

- The regulations apply only to non-hazardous solid waste from residential and industrial, commercial and institutional (IC&I) sources.
- Residential recycling and backyard composting programs must be provided by all municipalities with a population of 5,000 or more.
- Leaf and yard waste composting must be provided by municipalities of 5,000 or more if they have a leaf and yard waste collection program. Leaf and yard waste collection and composting are required in

municipalities of 50,000 or more in population whether or not they currently have a leaf and yard waste collection program.

- Waste audits and waste reduction workplans, updated annually, and source separation (recycling) programs are required for major waste generators in designated industrial, commercial and institutional sectors.
- Packaging audits and packaging reduction workplans, updated every two years, are required for major manufacturers, packagers and importers of packaged food, beverage, paper or chemical products.
- Recycling facilities may be eligible for exemptions from Certificate of Approval requirements under the Environmental Protection Act, provided that certain standards are met.
- Multi-unit residential buildings with six or more units must have a recycling program if the building is located in a municipality with a population of 5,000 or more.



#### BACKGROUND

The 3Rs Regulations are part of Ontario's Waste Reduction Action Plan, announced in February 1991. The action plan is the basic road map for reaching Ontario's waste reduction target of at least a 50 per cent reduction by the year 2000. The waste reduction target is based on a reduction from 1.0 tonne per person of solid waste sent to disposal in 1987 by all Ontario households, industries, businesses and institutions.

A 1992 target of 25 per cent reduction was achieved through the efforts of hundreds of municipalities, thousands of businesses, industries, schools, hospitals and government offices, and more than three million Ontario households. Having come this far, however, it is still easy to lose sight of how much more has to be done to achieve the 50 per cent target. That's why some rules and guidelines are necessary to keep the province on course.

Details of the regulations were first described in Initiatives Paper No. 1: Regulatory Measures to Achieve Ontario's Waste Reduction Targets, released for public consultation in October 1991. A total of 344 submissions was received from municipalities, affected IC&I, environmental, labour and community groups, and private citizens. Additional consultation took place during public hearings on the Waste Management Act (Bill 143) in January-April 1992. Informal consultation with affected groups continued throughout 1993.

#### **REVISIONS TO THE REGULATIONS**

On April 29, 1993, the regulations were launched for public review. Revisions have been made to the regulations and are highlighted in the appropriate sections.

## Municipal 3Rs programs

#### Source separation (recycling) programs

All local municipalities of 5,000 or more in population will be required to establish and maintain source separation programs.

The programs must include the following:

- If garbage is collected at the curbside from residential sources, then recyclable materials must also be collected at the curbside.
- If garbage is accepted from residential sources at a waste disposal site (depot or landfill), then measures must be put in place to accept recyclable materials at the site.
- Municipalities between 5,000 and 15,000 population in Northern Ontario\* may choose a depot system regardless of the type of garbage collection operation. However, if this option is chosen, it must be implemented by July 1, 1995.
- Frequency of curbside collection of recyclables must be at least half that of curbside garbage collection. For example, if garbage is picked up once a week, then recyclables must be picked up at least every two weeks.
- Measures must be implemented to ensure recyclable materials are separated properly from other materials.
- All materials on the basic list (see page four) plus at least two materials from the supplementary list must be collected or accepted. Commingling, that is, collecting separated materials in a common compartment, is allowed.
- Collected recyclables must be transported to a municipal waste recycling site, to an end-user, to a distributor who sends the materials to end-users, or to a waste disposal site.
- Reasonable efforts must be made to ensure that the collected materials are actually recycled.
- Residents must be provided with instructions on proper procedures for source separation and feedback on how much material is being diverted from landfill. A communications program must also encourage residents to participate in the recycling program.
- An annual report must be submitted to the ministry, describing types and amounts of materials collected and diverted from disposal.

Compliance dates have been extended by six months for municipalities in Southern Ontario. Residential source separation, backyard composting and leaf and yard waste composting programs are to be in place by January 1, 1995 instead of July 1, 1994. The compliance date for municipalities in Northern Ontario remains July 1, 1996 for recycling programs and July 1, 1995 for composting programs.

Municipalities are not required to collect recyclables from IC&I sectors; only from residential sources including apartment buildings.

<sup>\*</sup> Territorial districts of Algoma, Cochrane, Kenora, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Parry Sound, Rainy River, Sudbury, Thunder Bay, Timiskaming and the Regional Municipality of Sudbury.

# Materials to be collected by municipal source separation programs

Basic Blue Box Waste (All materials mandatory)	Supplementary Blue Box Waste (At least two materials are mandatory
Newsprint	— Aluminum foil
— Food and	— Boxboard and paperboard
beverage containers	— Corrugated cardboard
made of:	— Fine paper
• aluminum	— Foam plastics
• glass	— Polycoat paperboard containers
• steel	— Magazines
• PET	— Plastic film
	— Paper cups and plates
	Rigid plastic containers
	— Telephone directories
	— Textiles (excluding fibreglass, carpe

Materials have been added to the supplementary list of materials to be collected by municipal source separation (recycling) programs. These are food and beverage polycoat paperboard containers made primarily of paperboard coated with low density polyethylene or aluminum. The film plastic category has also been extended to include LLDPE.

#### **Backyard composting programs**

Municipalities with a population of 5,000 or more will be required to implement a residential backyard composting program.

The program must include the following:

- The provision of home composters to residents by the municipality at cost or less.
- The provision of information to residents publicizing the availability of home composters and explaining their proper use and installation.
   A communications program must also encourage home composting.

#### Leaf and yard waste collection and composting

Municipalities with a population of 5,000 or more will be required to compost leaf and yard wastes if they have a collection program for these materials. Municipalities with a population of 50,000 or more will be required to implement aleaf and yard waste collection system, even if one is not currently in place, and compost the collected materials.

A leaf and yard collection and composting program must include the following:

- Reasonably convenient service, whether curbside collection, the provision of depots for receiving leaf and yard wastes, or a combination of both.
- The provision of a leaf and yard waste composting site or the services of another such site.
- Transportation of the leaf and yard waste to a composting site.
- Reasonable efforts to ensure that the compost produced is used as a soil conditioner.
- Provisions for the collected leaf and yard wastes to be composted at a leaf and yard waste composting site or other composting site, applied directly to land by the operator of the system, or transported to a person who will directly apply the materials to land. (Note: Direct application to land requires ministry approvals.)
- Sufficient capacity to deal with the anticipated quantity of leaf and yard waste.
- A communications program to promote public participation in leaf and yard waste composting programs.
- An annual report, submitted to the Ministry of Environment and Energy, describing the leaf and yard waste system and the amount of waste collected, accepted, composted or applied to land.

If a municipality collects **only** Christmas trees and has a population of between 5,000 and 50,000, it will **not** be required to implement a leaf and yard waste collection system.

REQUIRED ACTIONS	WHO'S DESIGNATED	COMPLIANCE DEADLINES	
		Southern Ontario	Northern Ontario
Municipal 3Rs Programs			
Residential source separation (recycling) programs	Only local municipalities with 5,000 + population	January 1, 1995	July 1, 1996
	Only local municipalities in Northern Ontario with population between 5,000 and 15,000 and which choose to implement a depot system	Not applicable	July 1, 1995
Backyard composting programs	Only local municipalities with 5,000 + population		
Leaf and yard waste composting program	All local municipalities with population between 5,000 and 50,000 and January 1, 1995 July which collect leaf and yard waste	July 1, 1995	
composting program	All local municipalities with 50,000 + population		
IC&I Waste Reduction Progar	ms		
IC&I source separation (recycling) programs (IC&I establishments in municipalities with 5,000 + population)	Retail shopping complexes of 10,000 + m2 total floor area  Class A, B or F hospitals under O.Reg. 964 of the Public Hospitals Act  Schools with 350 + students at a location or campus  Owners of restaurants with total annual gross sales of \$3,000,000 +  Office buildings with 10,000 + m2 total floor area  Hotels and motels with 75 + units  Multi-unit residential buildings with 6 or more units	March 3, 1995	July 1, 1996
IC&I source separation (recycling) programs (Regardless of location)	Building construction projects of 2,000 + m2 total floor area  Building demolition projects of 2,000 + m2 total floor area  Manufacturing sites with 16,000 + total employee hours per month	March 3	3, 1995
Waste audits and waste reduction workplans (IC&I establishments in all municipalities)	Retail shopping complexes of 10,000 + m2 total floor area  Class A, B or F hospitals under O.Reg. 964 of the Public Hospitals Act  Schools with 350 + students at a location or campus  Owners of restaurants with total annual gross sales of \$3,000,000 +  Office buildings with 10,000 + m2 total floor area  Hotels and motels with 75 + units  Building construction projects of 2,000 + m2 total floor area  Building demolition projects of 2,000 + m2 total floor area  Manufacturing sites with 16,000 + total employee hours per month	September 3, 1994	
Packaging audits and packaging reduction workplans	Manufacturers or packagers of packaged food, beverage, paper or chemical products, with total employee hours of 16,000 + per month	Septembe	r 3, 1994

# IC&I waste reduction programs

#### Major IC&I waste generators

Designated major IC&I waste generators must implement waste audits, waste reduction workplans and source separation programs. In addition, owners of multi-unit residential buildings with six or more dwelling units are required to implement a source separation program. The Implementation Summary on page six outlines who is designated, their required actions and compliance deadlines.

#### Waste audits

The waste audit must:

- Address the amount, nature and composition of waste and the manner by which it gets produced, including the extent to which materials or products used or sold consist of recycled or reused material.
- Assess management decisions and policies that relate to the production of waste such as procurement policies and specifications for raw materials, supplies and equipment. The audit must look at the reasons for the policies and how they can be modified to facilitate 3Rs actions and assist the generator in identifying opportunities to introduce 3Rs activities.

If the designated waste generator is responsible for several establishments with similar activities – for example a restaurant chain or schools under a school board – then a single waste audit can be conducted.

The initial waste audit must be updated annually. A new owner or operator of a facility is not required to conduct a new waste audit if an audit was prepared by a previous owner or operator.

Note: Construction and demolition projects must conduct a waste audit before the project begins.

The threshold for restaurants has changed from restaurants with 10 or more employees to owners of restaurants with annual gross sales (during the preceding two years) exceeding \$3 million.

The threshold for manufacturing establishments has changed from those with 100+employees to those whose total employee hours, in any one month during the preceding two calendar years, exceeded 16,000 hours.

In the case of construction or demolition projects, commingled materials cannot be sent to "municipal waste recycling sites."

Waste reduction workplans must follow the 3Rs hierarchy of reduction first, followed by reuse, then recycling.

#### Waste reduction workplans

A waste reduction workplan consists of an organized set of tasks developed in response to the information gathered during the waste audit. The plan must include reasonable ways to reduce, reuse and recycle waste, responsibilities for implementation, timing and expected results.

The workplan must be updated on an annual basis. If objectives are not met, the reasons can be determined and evaluated in the annual workplan review. Suitable modifications to the workplan can then be implemented.

As part of its implementation, the workplan must be communicated to employees or people who work at a particular facility. A summary of the plan must be posted so that it is visible to employees. Both the waste audit and the waste reduction workplan must be kept on file for five years.

#### Source separation (recycling) programs

Designated major IC&I waste generators are required to implement a source separation program for recyclable materials which are generated by the operation.

As part of the source separation program, collection, handling and storage facilities must be provided for these materials. The generator must make reasonable efforts to ensure full use of the program and that source separated materials are reused or recycled.

The source separation program also must have a communications component to instruct employees and users of the program on how to source separate, which materials are to be collected and in what form the materials must be prepared.

The communications component must also provide information to promote the program and feedback on the amounts of materials diverted as a result of the program.

#### Multi-unit residential buildings

Owners of multi-unit residential buildings with six or more dwelling units are required to provide a source separation program, if the building is located in a municipality with a population of 5,000 or more. The materials to be collected include: food and beverage containers made of aluminum, glass, steel or PET; newsprint; and other types of materials which are collected in the local municipal Blue Box program.

Note: As in municipal programs, commingling is allowed in IC&I and multi-unit residential source separation programs.

The source separation regulation applies only to IC&I establishments and multi-unit residential dwellings located in a municipality with a population of 5,000 or more. (Designated manufacturers and construction and demolition projects are affected regardless of location.)

If located in Northern Ontario (see definition on page 3), the deadline for IC&I source separation programs has been extended to July 1, 1996 to match the municipal deadline. (Deadline for source separation programs for designated manufacturers and construction and demolition projects remains the same and is March 3, 1995.)

#### Materials to be source separated by designated IC&I waste generators

Facilities/Projects	Materials to be Source Separated
Construction projects	brick and concrete, corrugated cardboard, wood, drywall, steel
Demolition projects	brick and concrete, wood, steel
Manufacturing establishments	corrugated cardboard, wood, steel, fine paper, newsprint, aluminum, glass, plastic*
Retail shopping establishments and complexes, office buildings, hospitals, education institutions	corrugated cardboard, fine paper, newsprint, and food and beverage containers made of aluminum, glass or steel
Multi-unit residential buildings	food and beverage containers made of aluminum, glass, steel or PET; materials collected in local municipal Blue Box program
Hotels, motels, restaurants	corrugated cardboard, fine paper, newsprint, and food and beverage containers made of aluminum, glass, PET or steel

<sup>\*</sup> HDPE jugs, pails, crates, drums; LDPE and LLDPE film; EPS foam, PS trays, reels, spools

# Packaging reduction programs

Packaging refers to all materials used to protect, contain or transport a product. It also includes materials which are physically attached to a product or its container for the purposes of marketing and communications.

The regulation requires major packaging users to conduct packaging audits and packaging reduction workplans. The audit and the reduction workplan account for all the types and amounts of packaging in the user's products.

NOTE: Designated packaging users should follow the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment's (CCME) Packaging Audits and Packaging Reduction Work Plans guide.

#### Major packaging users

Large manufacturers and packagers in four product sectors (food, beverage, paper or chemical), and importers of products in these same sectors have been designated as major packaging users (see *Implementation Summary* on page six).

#### Packaging audit

A packaging audit is an examination of the impact of packaging on waste management needs, activities and opportunities. More specifically, the packaging audit must address the following:

- Practices for obtaining and using packaging.
- Types and quantities of packaging used in the products.
- Reusability or recyclability of a particular choice of packaging.
- Extent of reused packaging.
- Recycled content of packaging.
- Environmental impact of packaging that becomes waste.

The audit identifies the links between these activities. For example, practices for obtaining and using packaging influence the design, specification and selection criteria that determine the type and amount of packaging used.

Finally, the audit examines the fate of packaging following its normal distribution pattern. This accounts for the amount of packaging which is reused, recycled or disposed of after it has reached the consumer.

The threshold for manufacturers and packagers is changed from those with 100+ employees to those whose total employee hours, in any one month during the preceding two calendar years, exceed 16,000 hours.

#### Packaging reduction workplan

The packaging reduction workplan uses information collected from the audit to reduce the amount of waste resulting from packaging. The workplan evaluates the opportunities for 3Rs implementation highlighted by the audit.

The workplan must include actions, to the extent that is reasonable, which help to ensure:

- A reduction in the amount of packaging used.
- An increase in reused or recycled content of the packaging used.
- An increase in the reusability and recyclability of the packaging used.
- A reduction in the environmental impact of packaging that becomes waste.
- A reduction in the burden of waste for consumers.

The workplan must identify implementation responsibilities, timing and expected results. A review of the audit and workplan must be done at least every two years. Suitable modifications to the workplan can then be implemented. A summary of the workplan must be posted so that it is visible to employees. The packaging audit and packaging reduction workplan must be submitted, on request, to the Ministry of Environment and Energy within seven days of the request.

#### Additional rules for designated manufacturers or packagers

Manufacturers or packagers of brand-name products under licence or other contractual arrangements with an owner of the brand name, shall seek the co-operation of the brand-name owner in the preparation of a packaging reduction workplan. The workplan must identify the names of the persons from whom the manufacturer sought co-operation, and a description of the co-operation received.

#### Additional rules for designated importers

In preparing a packaging reduction workplan, an importer must consider changing buying policies and seeking the co-operation of the persons from whom the importer buys products. The workplan must identify the names of the persons from whom the importer sought co-operation, and a description of the co-operation received.

Packaging reduction workplans must follow the 3Rs hierarchy of reduction first, followed by reuse, then recycling.

## **Recycling facilities**

The 3Rs Regulations will make it easier to establish a recycling site for source separated waste, while maintaining strong safeguards for protecting the environment. This will also accelerate the development of recycling capacity and complement other regulatory measures for municipal and IC&I recycling programs.

#### **New approvals process**

Under the new 3Rs Regulations, a recycling site or a municipally-controlled depot is exempt from obtaining a Certificate of Approval for waste disposal from the Ministry of Environment and Energy if the proponent meets certain siting requirements. As well, certain design, notification, operating and reporting requirements must be met once the recycling site is in operation. These requirements are detailed in A Guide to Approvals for Recycling Sites, Leaf and Yard Waste Composting Sites and Compost Use (see next page to order this guide and others). Failure to meet these requirements would be an offence under the Environmental Protection Act.

The regulations designate three types of recycling facilities: municipal waste recycling sites, leaf and yard waste composting sites, and municipal waste recycling depots.

#### Municipal waste recycling sites

A municipal waste recycling site is a facility that accepts only materials (source separated or commingled\*), as listed in the schedules of source separated waste in the 3Rs Regulations, and transfers them, with or without processing, to secondary material markets for recycling into new products. Processing activities can include only: sorting, grading, sizing, cleaning, drying, deinking, size reduction, pulping, composting, baling, packaging or pelletizing.

To be exempt from obtaining a waste disposal site Certificate of Approval, a municipal waste recycling site must have all buildings, processing and storage areas located at least 50 metres from its property line.

#### Leaf and yard waste composting sites

Leaf and yard waste composting sites are the central facilities that accept only source separated leaf and yard materials and wood for composting. The wastes that can be accepted are limited to common lawn and garden materials, such as leaves, brush, tree trimmings or grass clippings. Food wastes from the kitchen are not allowed.

A leaf and yard waste composting site is exempt from obtaining a Certificate of Approval for waste disposal and for air emissions, if buildings, processing areas and storage areas are located at least 100 metres from the site boundary and any body of water or water course. Once in operation, the site must meet certain requirements. There are also specific quality control requirements for the use of the finished compost.

#### Municipal waste recycling depots

Municipal waste recycling depots are locations at which an owner will accept, but not process, source separated materials. The operator will simply provide containers into which materials are deposited and, once full, the containers are transported to other recycling sites. Recycling depots typically serve the general public and are a common part of a small municipality's source separation system.

To be exempt from obtaining a waste disposal site Certificate of Approval, a municipally-owned or controlled waste recycling depot must have all buildings and storage areas at least 50 metres from its property line.

# Other exemptions from Part V, Environmental Protection Act

#### Integrated recycling sites

These are municipal waste recycling sites located at a manufacturing facility that uses the output of the recycling site in its manufacturing process. These sites are exempt from Part V, (Sections 27, 40 and 41) Environmental Protection Act and the regulation.

<sup>\*</sup> Source separated construction and demolition materials which have been commingled cannot be accepted under these regulations.

#### Municipal waste recycling depots

All municipally-controlled waste recycling depots with a total waste storage capacity of less than 200 m³ are exempt from Part V, (Sections 27, 40 and 41) Environmental Protection Act and the 3Rs Regulations. All waste at these sites must be removed at least every thirty days.

#### Source separated recyclable materials

Source separated materials (not commingled) that are shipped from a waste generator to an end user are exempt from Part V, Environmental Protection Act, and Regulation 347. In other words, these materials are not considered to be waste. They are incorporated into a finished product at the site where they are received.

## For more information

- Copies of the 3Rs Regulations are available from Publications Ontario at 1-800-668-9938 or 326-5300 in Toronto.
- Six guides to the 3Rs Regulations have been developed for source separation programs, waste audits and workplans, packaging audits and workplans and composting/recycling sites. To order, call the ministry's Public Information Centre at 1-800-565-4923 or in Toronto at 323-4321 or write to the address below.
- For answers to questions of a technical nature on the 3Rs Regulations, call the ministry's Waste Reduction Office at (416) 325-4440; or Ministry of Environment and Energy's Regional or District Offices located in the Blue Pages of your telephone directory.
- 'How to' conduct a waste audit and reduction workplan is available by calling the Recycling Council of Ontario at 1-800-263-2849 or 960-0938 in Toronto. Municipalities can get advice and information from the Association of Municipal Recycling Coordinators at (519) 823-1990.

3Rs REGULATIONS
Ministry of Environment and Energy
135 St. Clair Ave. W., 2nd floor
Toronto, Ontario M4V 1P5

Il existe une version française de cette publication. Pour en obtenir un exemplaire, communiquez avec le Centre d'information au 1-800-565-4923, ou par télécopieur au (416) 323-4564.

# 3Rs regulations information sessions

he Ministry of Environment and Energy will hold free information sessions on the 3Rs Regulations across the province in late April and May. Two 2-hour sessions — one for the industrial, commercial and institutional (IC&I) sector and one for municipalities — will be held at community colleges locations. Sessions will run as follows:

. IC&I Waste Audits and Workplans --1:00 - 3:00 p.m.

**Municipal Source Separation** Programs, Recycling Sites, **Composting Sites and** Compost Use --3:00 - 5:00 p.m.

BARRIE - MAY 6 Georgian College

HAMILTON - MAY 9 Mohawk College

KINGSTON - MAY 3 St. Lawrence College

LONDON - MAY 10 Fanshawe College

OTTAWA - MAY 2 Algonquin College

SAULT STE. MARIE - APRIL 27 Sault College

SUDBURY - APRIL 25 Cambrian College

THUNDER BAY - APRIL 28 Confederation College

TIMMINS - APRIL 26 Northern College

TORONTO - MAY 4 George Brown College

TORONTO - MAY 5 Centennial College

WINDSOR - MAY 11 St. Clair College

To register, mail or fax the registration form below to: 3Rs Information Sessions, Ontario Environmental Training Consortium, P.O. Box 2034, 135 Fennell Avenue West, Hamilton, ON L8N 3T2. Fax: (905) 575-2434. If you have any questions, please call 1-800-563-6555.

# 3Rs Regulations Information Sessions

IC&I session

Date/Location\_\_\_\_\_

Municipal session 

Date/Location

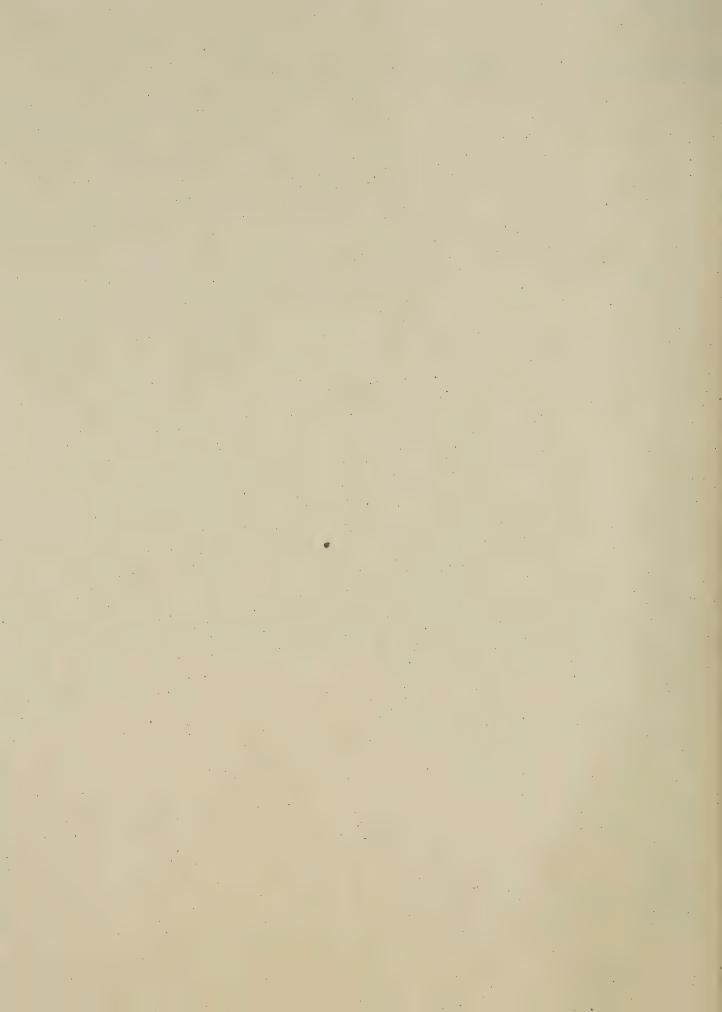
Address

City \_\_\_\_\_ Postal Code \_\_\_\_ Phone # Bus. ( ) \_\_\_\_

Res. (

Fax (





# Assistance is Available

If you have questions after reviewing Ontario's 3Rs regulations (Fact Sheet), call the ministry's Waste Reduction Office at (416) 325-4440; or the ministry's Regional and District Offices listed in the Blue Pages of your telephone directory.

Free information sessions on the 3Rs Regulations will be held in 12 communities across Ontario in April and May. The dates/locations are included in the 3Rs information kit. To register, call the Ontario Environmental Training Consortium at 1-800-563-6555.

#### Information Order Card

Compliance guides for sectors affected by the 3Rs Regulations are available as outlined below. Individual orders of these guides are restricted to 10. Please indicate quantities required.

Please note: A copy of the official 3Rs Regulations is available from Publications Ontario only. Call 1-800-668-9938 or in Toronto at (416) 326-5300 for this and other Legislative Acts and Regulations including the Environmental Protection Act, Waste Management Act, 1992, and Regulation 347.

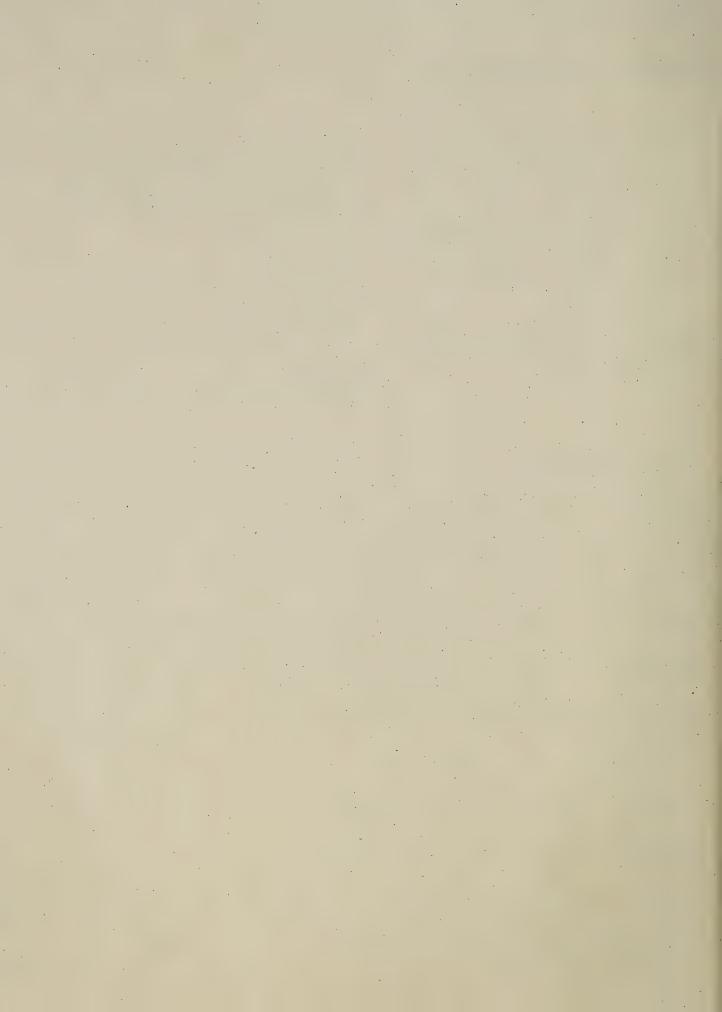
Mail/Fax reply card back to:

3Rs Regulations
Ministry of Environment and Energy
Public Information Centre
135 St. Clair Ave. W. 2nd floor
Toronto, Ontario M4V 1P5
FAX: (416) 323-4564

#### PLEASE NOTE:

All orders received prior to March 1, 1994, will be filled by March 31, 1994.

3Rs Regulations	Order Card Please indicate quantities in the space provided	
PIBS 2474e	Ontario's 3Rs Regulations (Fact Sheet)	
PIBS 2476e	A Guide to Source Separation of Recyclable Materials and Leaf and Yard Waste Systems for Municipalities	
PIBS 2477e	A Guide to Approvals for Recycling Sites, Leaf & Yard Waste Composting Sites and Compost Use	
PIBS 2478e	A Guide to Source Separation of Recyclable Materials for Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Sectors and Multi-Unit Residential Buildings	
PIBS 2480e	A Guide to Waste Audits and Reduction Workplans for Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Sectors	
PIBS 2481e	A Guide to Waste Audits and Reduction Workplans for Construction and Demolition Projects	
PIBS 2482e	A Guide to Packaging Audits and Reduction Workplans	
Name/Title	Company/Organization Name	
Street Address	Suite No.	
Town/City	Postal Code	
☐ Update my address ☐ This is an update to an earlier request. ☐ Delete my name from your "3Rs Information" mailing list		



# Resources to help you comply with the 3Rs regulations

#### Ministry of Environment and Energy

Six compliance guides are available to affected IC&I sectors and municipalities. Each guide lists additional sources of information. The ministry's guides include:

- A Guide to Source Separation of Recyclable Materials and Leaf and Yard Waste Systems for Municipalities (PIBS 2476e)
- A Guide to Approvals for Recycling Sites, Leaf and Yard Waste Composting Sites and Compost Use (PIBS 2477e)
- A Guide to Source Separation of Recyclable Materials for the IC&I Sectors and Multi-Unit Residential Buildings (PIBS 2478e)
- A Guide to Waste Audits and Reduction Workplans' for IC&I Sectors (PIBS 2480e)
- A Guide to Waste Audits and Reduction Workplans for Construction and Demolition Projects (PIBS 2481e)
  - A Guide to Packaging Audits and Packaging Reduction Workplans (PIBS 2482e)

Tel: 1-800-565-4923 (416) 323-4321 Fax: (416) 323-4564

# Green Workplace Program - Management Board Secretariat

Government-owned buildings successfully achieved a 50 per cent reduction in waste in 1992, and an additional 50 per cent reduction in some buildings through the Maximum Green Program. The Maximum Green Guide is available to anyone interested. This 'how to' package details the development of a 3Rs program in the workplace.

Composting At Ontario Government Facilities is also available. It details the experiences of seven pilot composting projects, using both in-vessel and windrow methods. A brochure on a high tech model currently composting over two tonnes per day at the Ontario Science Centre will be included in the package.

Tel: (416) 327-3777

#### Recycling Council of Ontario (RCO)

The RCO's Waste Reduction Information Service (WRIS) can provide information and resources on how to conduct waste audits and the steps to be taken in the implementation of a waste reduction plan.

A complete listing of the RCO's services is attached.

Tel: 1-800-263-2849

(416) 960-0938 in Toronto

Fax: (416) 960-8053

# Association of Municipal Recycling Coordinators (AMRC)

The AMRC can offer advice to municipalities on implementing reduce, reuse, recycling and composting programs, and has several publications available of interest to those affected by the regulations. A list is attached.

Tel: (519) 823-1990 Fax: (519) 823-0084

# Ontario Environmental Training Consortium (OETC)

The OETC is offering two new waste reduction training programs. Waste Audits & Workplans: Practitioners Workshop is a two-day course designed to provide the operational skills to comply with the waste audits regulation. At completion of the course, the participant will be able to complete a waste audit and develop a waste reduction workplan: Fee: \$350 plus GST. CEU's awarded: 1.0.

Instructional Techniques for Waste Audit Training is a one-day course designed to provide participants with the necessary skills and materials to instruct a waste audit and workplan training course. Fee: \$300 plus GST. CEU's awarded: .5.

Tel: 1-800-563-6555 Fax: (416) 575-2434

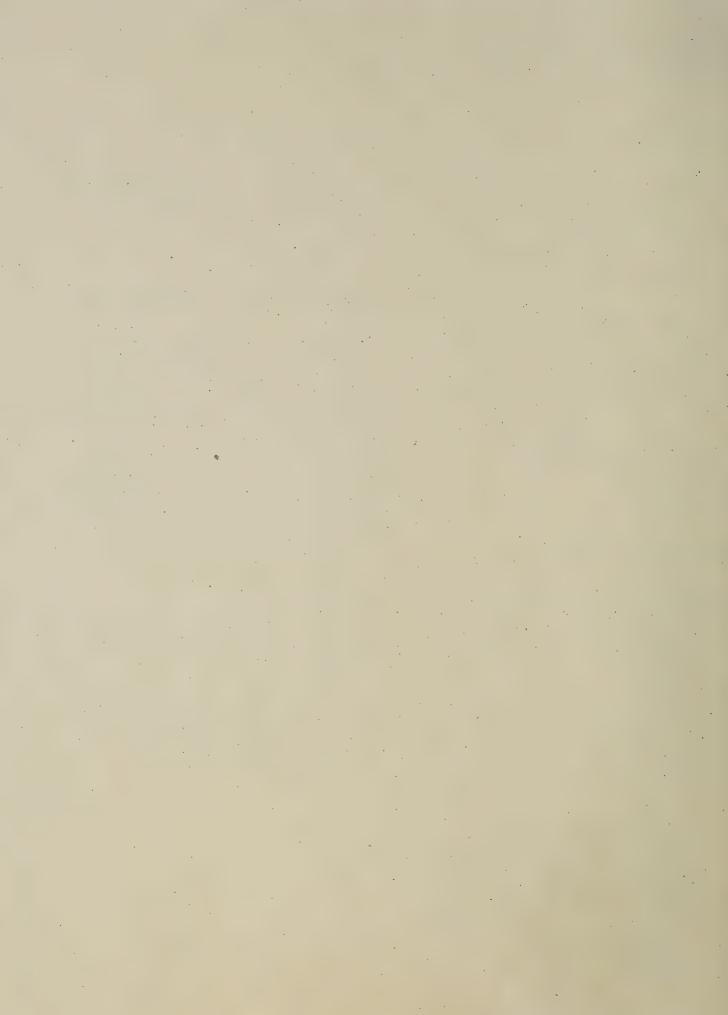
#### **Ontario Waste Exchange (OWE)**

The OWE is a free assistance program designed to help Ontario's industrial, commercial and institutional sectors minimize their wastes and find practical alternatives to waste disposal.

The Waste Exchange can provide technical advice on waste related problems, waste exchange contacts for potential reuse opportunities, and recycling industry contacts. The OWE publishes a bi-monthly bulletin listing waste available and wastes wanted.

Tel: (416) 822-4111 (Ext. 656, 354 or 358)

Fax: (416) 823-1446



Questions about Ontario's new

# 3Rs Regulations?



Call the Waste Reduction Information Service

# Telephone Hotline

Toronto Area: (416) 960-0938 Ontario Toll-Free: 1-800-263-2849

perated by the **Recycling Council of Ontario** (**RCO**), the WRIS Hotline ovides Ontario businesses, institutions and municipalities with the latest formation on recycling and waste reduction inititatives. (**See reverse**)

e Recycling Council of Ontario, 489 College Street, Suite 504, Toronto, Ontario, M6G 1A5 bne WRIS: (416) 960-0938 or 1-800-263-2849, Business Line: (416) 960-1025, FAX: (416) 960-8053



# RCO can help you reduce waste



The Recycling Council of Ontario has been helping Ontario reduce waste since 1978. RCO is a non-profit organization that provides information on recycling and waste reduction services in Ontario. RCO can show you how to save money by reducing waste and complying with Ontario's new 3Rs regulations.

- ✓ Information: RCO is a leading source of information on waste reduction technologies, programs and policies. The RCO's toll-free Waste Reduction Information Service (WRIS) provides fact sheets, directories, audio-visual materials and research services including advice on the Ontario government's waste reduction regulations. To reach the WRIS hotline call (416) 960-0938 in the Toronto calling area or toll-free 1-800-263-2849.
- ☑ Databases: RCO's databases contain approximately 10,000 listings including recycling markets, commercial recycling services, consultants, associations, government agencies and municipal infrastructures.
- ☑ Library: RCO's resource centre houses thousands of reports, directories, periodicals, books and videos on waste management, all catalogued and abstracted. Open to the public, the RCO Resource Centre is visited by over a thousand users per year. For more information call Irene Fedun at (416) 960-1025.
- Services: Outreach staff at RCO regularly coordinate business-to-business networking events on waste management issues and conduct site visits to advise on program implementation. Networking events are often hosted by businesses with model waste reduction programs. These "success story" events are open to RCO members and interested industries, institutions and associations. For more information call Moira Rosser at (416) 960-1025.
- ☑ 15th Annual Conference and Trade Show: RCO hosts
  Canada's largest Conference and Trade Show on waste minimization. The 1994
  conference will be held October 5 7th 1994 at the Hamilton Convention Centre.
  This event features upwards of 100 speakers from North America and Europe and 80
  exhibits on the latest in waste minimization technology and services. For delegate
  and exhibitor information contact Nicole Fowler at (416) 960-1025.
- Membership: Members of RCO include businesses, governments, associations, environment and community groups. Membership benefits include the monthly periodical RCO Update, event discounts, listings and the opportunity to help develop RCO policy recommendations. Phone Judy Chui at (416) 960-1025 for membership details.

# PUBLICATIONS AND SERVICES FROM THE ASSOCIATION OF MUNICIPAL RECYCLING COORDINATORS (AMRC)

#### **Publications**

#### 1. For R Information

The AMRC's quarterly newsletter contains updates, information and comment on 3Rs programs and issues in Ontario (AMRC corporate subscription includes newsletter mailing).

#### 2. AMRC Leaf and Yard Waste Composting Study (1993)

Part 1: A Review of Composting Principles and Municipal Programs. Summarizes the scientific principles and economics of municipal leaf and yard waste composting operations through literature and program surveys. Covers yard waste generation, composting fundamentals, current management methods and process economics. No charge to AMRC municipal members for first copy; \$20 for non-members.

Part 2: AMRC Leaf and Yard Waste Composting Manual - A Municipal Operations Guide. Applies information in Part 1 for use in program management and site operations. Covers policy initiatives, yard waste generation and composition, collection systems, site technology options and management, equipment options, collection and process economics, and public education. This manual is expected to be available in early 1994. No charge to AMRC municipal members for first copy; \$20 for non-members.

# 3. Guidebook for the Assessment of Organic Waste Generation in Municipalities (Revised 1993)

Designed to help municipal staff assess the types and quantities of all organic wastes generated within a community. No charge to AMRC municipal members for first copy; \$14.50 for non-members.

#### 4. Multi-Residential Recycling Guide (1991)

Covers all stages of implementing a multi-residential recycling program including program planning, equipment, promotion and program monitoring. No charge for AMRC municipal members for first copy; \$10 for non-members.

# 5. Waste Audit and Reduction Operations Training Project - Manual for Training Participants (1992)

Part of a curriculum developed to train representatives from the IC&I and municipal sectors in conducting solid waste audits and implementing waste reduction workplans in preparation for the Ministry of Environment and Energy's 3Rs Regulations. The manual covers waste audit methodologies, analysis of waste audit data, identification of 3Rs opportunities, cost/benefit analysis, and program implementation. Cost: \$16.25 (no charge for workshop participants).

6. Making the Most of Reuse (1993)

A review of some of the existing reuse centres and reuse activities in the province. Includes a wide variety of background information and resources for those considering setting up or assisting reuse activities in their communities. Written from the municipal perspective. No charge to AMRC municipal members for first copy. \$18 for non-members.

7. User Pay Program Implementation Kit

A review of exiting user pay programs plus guidelines and background information for those considering the setting up of a user pay program. No charge to AMRC municipal members for first copy. \$19 for non-members.

Note: Please add \$3 for postage and handling. AMRC is GST exempt. Corporate subscribers receive a 20 per cent discount on publications.

To order, indicate selection(s) and forward a cheque or money order payable to the AMRC at the address below.

#### Services

- Information and referral available to all members.
- Participation on committees, working groups and policy forums.
- Promotion and education consulting.
- Training workshops delivered to municipal and other program staff/volunteers. Topics have included basic and advanced recycling, waste diversion planning, community 3Rs, master planning, creative financing, and reuse opportunities.

For further information on publications and services, contact: Association of Municipal Recycling Coordinators, 25 Douglas Street, Guelph, Ontario N1H 2S7. Tel: (519) 823-1990; Fax: (519) 823-0084.

PIBS 2583E



